

# NOTICE OF MEETING

Meeting:	HOUSING OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY PANEL
Date and Time:	WEDNESDAY, 17 MARCH 2021, AT 6.00 PM*
Place:	MICROSOFT TEAMS - ONLINE
Enquiries to:	Email: karen.wardle@nfdc.gov.uk Tel: 023 8028 5071

#### **PUBLIC PARTICIPATION:**

\*Members of the public may speak in accordance with the Council's public participation scheme:

- (a) immediately before the meeting starts, on items within the Panel's terms of reference which are not on the public agenda; and/or
- (b) on individual items on the public agenda, when the Chairman calls that item. Speeches may not exceed three minutes.

Anyone wishing to speak should contact the name and number shown above no later than <u>12.00 noon on Friday, 12 March 2021</u>. This will allow the Council to provide public speakers with the necessary joining instructions for the Microsoft Teams Meeting.

#### Bob Jackson Chief Executive

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This Agenda is also available on audio tape, in Braille, large print and digital format

# AGENDA

#### Apologies

#### 1. MINUTES

To confirm the minutes of the meeting held on 20 January 2021 as a correct record.

#### 2. DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

To note any declarations of interest made by members in connection with an agenda item. The nature of the interest must also be specified.

Members are asked to discuss any possible interests with Democratic Services prior to the meeting.

#### 3. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

To note any issues raised during the public participation period.

#### 4. COMPLIANCE UPDATE

To receive a presentation on the progress made against the new compliance policies now in place

#### 5. THE HOUSING OMBUDSMAN'S COMPLAINT HANDLING CODE (Pages 5 - 30)

To receive a report providing an overview on the Housing Ombudsman's new Complaint Handling Code and the requirements for the Council to ensure full compliance.

# 6. HOUSING STRATEGY / HRA PROPERTY DEVELOPMENT AND ACQUISITION UPDATE

To receive an update on the progress of the Housing Strategy and HRA property development and acquisition programme.

#### 7. HOMELESSNESS UPDATE

To receive an update on homelessness.

#### 8. PORTFOLIO HOLDER UPDATE AND PERFORMANCE DASHBOARD

(Pages 31 - 32)

An opportunity for the Portfolio Holder to provide an update to the Panel on any issues.

#### 9. WORK PROGRAMME (Pages 33 - 34)

To consider the Panel's future work programme and make changes where necessary.

#### 10. ANY OTHER ITEMS WHICH THE CHAIRMAN DECIDES ARE URGENT

#### **NEW FOREST DISTRICT COUNCIL – VIRTUAL MEETINGS**

#### **Background**

This meeting is being held virtually with all participants accessing via Microsoft Teams.

A live stream will be available on YouTube to allow the press and public to view meetings in real time and can also be found at the relevant meeting page on the Council's website, with this published agenda.

## Principles for all meetings

The Chairman will read out Ground Rules at the start of the meeting for the benefit of all participants. All normal procedures for meetings apply as far as practicable, as the Government Regulations do not amend any of the Council's existing Standing Orders.

The Ground Rules for all virtual meetings will include, but are not limited to, the following:-

- All participants are reminded that virtual public meetings are being broadcast live on YouTube and will be available for repeated viewing. Please be mindful of your camera and microphone setup and the images and sounds that will be broadcast on public record.
- All participants are asked to mute their microphones when not speaking to reduce feedback and background noise. Please only unmute your microphone and speak when invited to do so by the Chairman.
- Councillors in attendance that have not indicated their wish to speak in advance of the meeting can make a request to speak during the meeting by using the "raise hand" feature in Microsoft Teams. Requests will be managed by the Chairman with support from Democratic Services. Please remember to "lower hand" when you have finished speaking.
- The chat facility should not be used unless raising a point of order or providing the wording for a motion.
- All participants are asked to refer to the report number and page number within the agenda and reports pack so that there is a clear understanding of what is being discussed at all times.

#### Voting

When voting is required on a particular item, each councillor on the committee will be called to vote in turn by name, expressing their vote verbally. The outcome will be announced to the meeting. A recorded vote will not be reflected in the minutes of the meeting unless this is requested in accordance with the Council's Standing Orders.

By casting their vote, councillors do so in the acknowledgement that they were present for the duration of the item in question.

#### **Technology**

If individuals experience technical issues, the meeting will continue providing that it is quorate and it is still practical to do so. The Chairman will adjourn the meeting if technical issues cause the meeting to be inquorate, the live stream technology fails, or continuing is not practical.

#### Public Participation

Contact details to register to speak in accordance with the Council's Public Participation Procedures are on the front page of this agenda.

In order to speak at a virtual meeting, you must have the facility to join a Microsoft Teams Meeting. Joining instructions will be sent to registered speakers in advance of the meeting.

The Council will accept a written copy of a statement from registered speakers that do not wish to join a Microsoft Teams Meeting, or are unable to. The statement will be read out at the meeting and should not exceed three minutes. Please use the contact details on the agenda front sheet for further information.

## To: Councillors

## Councillors

# Agenda Item 5

## HOUSING OVERVIEW AND SCRUTINY PANEL - 17 MARCH 2021

## THE HOUSING OMBUDSMAN'S COMPLAINT HANDLING CODE

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 The Housing Ombudsman Service has published a new Complaint Handling Code in July 2020, see Appendix 1. This provides a high-level framework to support effective handling and prevention of complaints alongside learning and development.
- 1.2 This report seeks to provide the Housing Overview & Scrutiny Panel with an overview of the Housing Ombudsman's new Complaint Handling Code and the requirements for the Council to ensure full compliance.

## 2. BACKGROUND

- 2.1 The Code is part of the new powers in a revised Housing Ombudsman Scheme and sets out the requirements to ensure that landlords respond to complaints effectively and fairly. As well as setting out expectations for boards, senior executives and front line staff, the Code will help tenants in knowing what to expect from their landlord when they make a complaint and how to progress their complaint.
- 2.2 All Landlords were asked to self-assess against the Code by the 31 December 2020 and publish their results. The Council's self-assessment can be found at Appendix 2. As can be seen, the Council fairs favourably against the requirements of the Code with the Council's existing procedures reflecting the Code to a large extent.
- 2.3 The Code was introduced to ensure greater consistency across landlords' complaints procedures following the five core themes in the Government's Social Housing Green Paper (a new deal for social housing).
- 2.4 The key areas of the Code are:
  - Universal definition of a complaint
  - Providing easy access to the Council's complaints procedure and ensuring tenants are aware of it, including their right to access the Housing Ombudsman Service
  - The structure of the complaints procedure, including timescales for responses
  - Ensuring fairness in complaint handling with a tenant-focused process
  - Taking action to put things right and appropriate remedies
  - Creating a positive culture in complaint handling through continuous learning and putting things right
  - Demonstrating learning in Annual Reports
- 2.5 The Council is expected to report the outcome of the self-assessment to Members. The Housing Ombudsman Service may request sight of the self-assessment and supporting evidence and may require the Council to repeat the self-assessment following a significant change to the Council's structure or following any amendments to the Code.
- 2.6 The Housing Ombudsman Service encourages the involvement of residents panels in looking at complaint policies and procedures and considers they may have a role to play in dispute resolution. This aspect will be considered further in conjunction with any changes arising from the Social White Paper- see paragraph 2.8 below.

- 2.7 When a tenant remains dissatisfied at the end of the Council's complaints process, they may bring their complaint to the Housing Ombudsman Service. The Council shall co-operate with the Housing Ombudsman Service requests for evidence and provide this within the timescales laid out in the Code. The Council must provide an explanation to the Housing Ombudsman Service for any delays and, if the explanation is reasonable, the Housing Ombudsman Service will agree to a revised date. Failure to provide evidence in a timely manner may result in the Ombudsman issuing a complaint handling failure order.
- 2.8 The Code requires the Council to share its learning from complaint outcomes with its tenants. Officers are also currently assessing the Social Housing White Paper which places greater emphasis on tenant engagement and feedback. As a result, several actions are currently being delivered to enhance tenant scrutiny and monitoring. One such activity is service specific digital satisfaction forms which are used to collate improvement plans. These will be scrutinised by the Tenant involvement Group (TIG) and the outcomes published in future.

#### 3. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

3.1 There are none.

#### 4. ENVIRONMENTAL AND CRIME AND DISORDER IMPLICATIONS

4.1 There are none.

#### 5. EQUALITIES IMPLICATIONS

5.1 The Council's Complaints process meets with the principles of the 'Fairness in Complaint Handling' criteria in the Code. In accordance with the Equality Act 2010 complainants' individual circumstances are taken into account when facilitating the receipt of complaints, reviews and delivery of complaint outcomes.

#### 6. **RECOMMENDATION**

6.1 That the Housing Overview and Scrutiny Panel acknowledges the requirements within the Housing Ombudsman's Complaint Handling Code.

#### Further Information:

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**APPENDIX 1** 



# The Housing Ombudsman's Complaint Handling Code

**Published July 2020** 

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## Part A:

- 1. Introduction
- 2. The purpose of the Code

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- 4. Fairness in complaint handling
- 5. Putting things right
- 6. Continuous learning and improvement

## Part C:

- 1. Compliance
- 2. Self-assessment

## Part A

## **1. Introduction**

Complaint handling performs an important strategic role for an organisation, providing vital intelligence on its health, performance and reputation. Data on complaint handling should be considered alongside other management information to provide assurance and assess risks.

The Ombudsman's Complaint Handling Code promotes the progressive use of complaints, providing a high-level framework to support effective handling and prevention alongside learning and development. The Code ensures complaint handling data is being used consistently across landlord members, promotes engagement at different levels within a landlord and sets out expectations for boards or equivalent governance, senior executives and frontline staff.

For boards or equivalent governance, the Code supports culture setting and intelligence for assurance exercises, using complaint data alongside other management information on stock, services and customer feedback to provide insight into their organisation. It is important for governance to understand the complaints their organisations are receiving and the impact of their complaint handling on residents.

For chief executives and senior managers, the Code supports learning from complaints and promotes the open and transparent use of information to assess performance and risks.

For operational staff, the Code supports excellent complaint handling and engagement with the Ombudsman. If the requirements of the Code cannot be delivered this should prompt discussion about what needs to change.

Information on complaints can provide essential insight for governance and should include, although not necessarily be limited to:

- Regular updates on the volume, category and outcome of complaints, alongside complaint handling performance including timely compliance with the Ombudsman's orders
- Review, at least once a year, of issues and trends arising from complaint handling, including discussion of the Ombudsman's yearly landlord performance report and the inclusion of any organisational learning in the landlord's Annual Report
- Consideration of individual complaint outcomes where necessary, including findings of severe maladministration of the Ombudsman or any referrals by it to regulatory bodies, including scrutiny of any subsequent procedural or organisational changes
- Confirmation that the Complaint Handling Code is being applied.

Compliance with the Code forms part of the membership obligations set out in the Housing Ombudsman Scheme. Landlords should comply with the requirements of the Code. The Code should be read in conjunction with the Scheme.

Landlords are encouraged to promote the Code and to share the outcome of their self-assessment with residents.

## 2. Purpose

The purpose of the Code is to enable landlords to resolve complaints raised by their residents quickly and to use the learning from complaints to drive service improvements. It will also help to create a positive complaint handling culture amongst staff and residents.

Some landlords see complaints as a form of negative feedback. In fact, there are many benefits to be gained from having an effective, efficient complaints process:

- Complaints allow an issue to be resolved before it becomes worse. Those not resolved quickly can take significant resource and time to remedy
- Involvement in complaint resolution develops staff decision-making and engagement
- Complaints provide senior staff with a window into day-to-day operations allowing them to assess effectiveness
- Good complaint handling promotes a positive landlord and resident relationship.

The Ombudsman's Complaint Handling Code sets out requirements for member landlords that will allow them to respond to complaints effectively and fairly.

While member landlords must comply with some elements of the Code, the Ombudsman recognises that each landlord will need to adapt its complaints policy and processes to meet the needs of its residents. Consequently, there are some areas where a landlord can use its discretion. The Code seeks to be prescriptive only where the Ombudsman believes clear and consistent practice by all landlords is essential. Landlords will be asked to self-assess against the Code on a comply and explain basis. Non-compliance could result in the Ombudsman issuing complaint handling failure orders. Separate guidance on these orders has been published by the Ombudsman.

The Code will act as a guide for residents setting out what they can and should expect from their landlord when they complain. The requirements in the Code also provide residents with information about how to make a complaint and how to progress it through the landlord's internal complaints procedure.

The Code supports the regulatory approach to complaints ensuring that a landlord's approach to complaints is clear simple and accessible and ensures that complaints are resolved promptly, politely and fairly.

## Part B

## The Code

- 1. Definition of a complaint
- 2. Accessibility and awareness
- 3. Complaint team, procedure, timeliness and responsiveness
- 4. Fairness in complaint handling
- 5. Putting things right
- 6. Continuous learning and improvement

## 1. Definition of a complaint

- 1.1. Effective complaint handling should be a resident friendly process that enables residents to be heard and understood. The starting point for this is a mutual understanding of what constitutes a complaint.
- 1.2. A complaint shall be defined as an expression of dissatisfaction, however made, about the standard of service, actions or lack of action by the organisation, its own staff, or those acting on its behalf, affecting an individual resident or group of residents.
- 1.3. The resident does not have to use the word complaint in order for it to be treated as such. Landlords should recognise the difference between a service request (pre-complaint), survey feedback and a formal complaint and take appropriate steps to resolve the issue for residents as early as possible.

## Exclusions

- 1.4. A landlord shall accept a complaint unless there is a valid reason not to do so.
- 1.5. A complaints policy shall clearly set out the circumstances in which a matter will not be considered and these circumstances should be fair and reasonable to residents. For example:
  - The issue giving rise to the complaint occurred over six months ago. Where the problem is a recurring issue, the landlord should consider any older reports as part of the background to the complaint if this will help to resolve the issue for the resident. (N.B. it may not be appropriate to rely on this exclusion where complaints concern safeguarding or health and safety issues.)
  - Legal proceedings have been started. Landlords should take steps to ensure that residents are not left without a response for lengthy periods of time, for example, where a letter before action has been received or issued but no court proceedings are started or settlement agreement reached.

- Matters that have already been considered under the complaints policy.
- 1.6. If a landlord decides not to accept a complaint a detailed explanation should be provided to the resident setting out the reasons why the matter is not suitable for the complaints process.
- 1.7. A resident has the right to challenge this decision by bringing their complaint to the Ombudsman. Where appropriate the Ombudsman will instruct the landlord to take on the complaint.

## 2. Accessibility and awareness

- 2.1. Landlords shall make it easy for residents to complain, by providing different channels through which residents can make a complaint.
- 2.2. Where a landlord has set up channels to communicate with its residents via social media, such as Facebook and Twitter, then it should expect to receive complaints via those channels. Policies should contain details of the steps that will be taken when a complaint is received via social media and how confidentiality and privacy will be maintained.
- 2.3. Landlords shall make their complaint policy available in a clear and accessible format for residents. This will detail the number of stages involved, what will happen at each stage and the timeframes for responding.
- 2.4. Landlords shall comply with the Equality Act 2010 and may need to adapt normal policies, procedures, or processes to accommodate an individual's needs. Landlords shall have a reasonable adjustments policy in place to address this.
- 2.5. Landlord websites shall include information on how to raise a complaint. The complaints policy and process shall be easily found and downloadable.
- 2.6. The complaints policy and process should be publicised in leaflets newsletters, online and as part of regular correspondence with residents. A copy should be provided when requested.
- 2.7. Landlords shall provide residents with contact information for the Ombudsman as part of its regular correspondence with residents.
- 2.8. Landlords shall provide early advice to residents regarding their right to access the Housing Ombudsman Service, not only at the point they have exhausted the landlord's complaints process. The Housing Ombudsman Service can assist residents throughout the life of a complaint. This affords the resident the opportunity to engage with the Ombudsman's dispute support advisors.

## 3. Complaint team, procedure, timeliness and responsiveness

## **Complaint team**

- 3.1 Landlords should have a person or team assigned to take responsibility for complaint handling. This Code will refer to that person or team as the "complaints officer". For some organisations, particularly smaller landlords, we recognise that this role may not be dedicated to complaint handling.
- 3.2 Complaints officers are one of the most important factors in ensuring that the complaints handling works well. Complaints officers should:
  - be able to act sensitively and fairly
  - be trained to receive complaints and deal with distressed and upset residents
  - have access to staff at all levels to facilitate quick resolution of complaints
  - have the authority and autonomy to act to resolve disputes quickly and fairly.

Residents are more likely to be satisfied with complaint handling if the person dealing with their complaint is competent, empathetic and efficient.

## **Complaints procedure**

- 3.3 When a complaint is made to the landlord it shall be acknowledged and logged at stage one of the complaints procedure.
- 3.4 Landlords should confirm their understanding of the complaint and the outcomes being sought with the resident. Clarification should be sought if the complaint is not clear.
- 3.5 If the complaint is not resolved to the resident's satisfaction it shall be progressed to the next stage in accordance with the landlord's procedure and the timescales set out in this Code.
- 3.6 A landlord's complaints procedure shall comprise of two stages. This ensures that a resident has the opportunity to challenge any decision by correcting errors or sharing concerns via an appeal process.
- 3.7 The Ombudsman welcomes involvement by residents or senior executives outside the complaints team as part of the review process.
- 3.8 The Ombudsman does not believe a third stage is necessary as part of a complaints process but if a landlord believes strongly it requires one, it should set out its reasons as part of the self-assessment. A process with more than three stages is not acceptable under any circumstances in the Ombudsman's view.

- 3.9 In the final decision the landlord's policy shall include the right to refer the complaint to the Housing Ombudsman Service. This should be through a designated person within eight weeks of the final decision or directly by the resident after eight weeks.
- 3.10 A full record shall be kept of the complaint, any review and the outcomes at each stage. This should include the original complaint and the date received; all correspondence with the resident, correspondence with other parties and any reports or surveys prepared.

## Timeframe for responses

- 3.11 A landlord's complaints procedure shall include the following maximum timescales for response:
  - Logging and acknowledgement of complaint five working days
  - Stage one decision 10 working days from receipt of complaint if this is not possible, an explanation and a date by when the stage one response should be received. This should not exceed a further 10 days without good reason
  - Stage two response 20 working days from request to escalate if this is not possible an explanation and a date when the stage two response will be received. This should not exceed a further 10 working days without good reason
  - Stage three response where a landlord believes this stage is absolutely necessary a response should be sent within 20 working days from request to escalate. Any additional time will only be justified if related to convening a panel. An explanation and a date when the stage three response will be achieved should be provided to the resident.
- 3.12 A landlord may choose to set shorter response times for each stage of the complaints procedure but response times must not exceed those set out above.

## **Communication with residents**

- 3.13 When communicating with residents, landlords shall use plain language that is appropriate to the resident.
- 3.14 Landlords shall address all points raised in the complaint and provide clear reasons for any decisions, referencing the relevant policy, law and good practice where appropriate.
- 3.15 At the completion of each stage of the complaints process the landlord should write to the resident advising them of the following:

- the complaint stage
- the outcome of the complaint
- the reasons for any decisions made
- the details of any remedy offered to put things right
- details of any outstanding actions
- details of how to escalate the matter if dissatisfied.
- 3.16 As part of the complaint policy the resident shall be given a fair opportunity to:
  - set out their position
  - comment on any adverse findings before a final decision is made.
- 3.17 Communication with the resident should not generally identify individual members of staff or contractors as their actions are undertaken on behalf of the landlord.
- 3.18 Landlords should adhere to any arrangements agreed with residents in terms of frequency and method of communication.
- 3.19 Landlords should keep residents regularly updated and informed even where there is no new information to provide.

## Duty to cooperate with the Ombudsman

- 3.20 When the resident remains dissatisfied at the end of the landlord's complaints process, they may bring their complaint to the Ombudsman. Landlords shall cooperate with the Ombudsman's requests for evidence and provide this within 15 working days. If a response cannot be provided within this timeframe, the landlord shall provide the Ombudsman with an explanation for the delay. If the explanation is reasonable, the Ombudsman will agree a revised date with the landlord.
- 3.21 Failure to provide evidence to the Ombudsman in a timely manner may result in the Ombudsman issuing a complaint handling failure order.

## 4. Fairness in complaint handling

- 4.1. Landlords shall operate a resident-focused complaints process ensuring they are given the opportunity to explain their point of view and the outcome they are seeking before a decision is reached.
- 4.2. Landlords should manage residents' expectations from the outset, being clear where a desired outcome is unreasonable or unrealistic.
- 4.3. Landlords should give residents the opportunity to have a representative deal with their complaint on their behalf, and to be represented and/or accompanied at any meeting with the landlord where this has been requested or offered and where this is reasonable.

- 4.4. Where a key issue of a complaint relates to the parties' legal obligations the landlord should clearly set out its understanding of the obligations of both parties and seek clarification before doing so where this is not initially clear.
- 4.5. A complaint investigation shall be conducted in an impartial manner, seeking sufficient reliable information from both parties so that fair and appropriate findings and recommendations can be made.
- 4.6. Any complaint investigation shall be fair. To ensure fairness, processes and procedures shall require the complaints officer to:
  - deal with complaints on their merits
  - act independently and have an open mind
  - take measures to address any actual or perceived conflict of interest
  - consider all information and evidence carefully
  - keep the complaint confidential as far as possible, with information only disclosed if necessary to properly investigate the matter.
- 4.7. The landlord's assessment of the issue should include:
  - what the complaint is about
  - what evidence is needed to fully consider the issues
  - what risks the complaint raises for the landlord
  - what outcome would resolve the matter for the resident
  - any urgent action that it needs to take.
- 4.8. A complaint should be resolved at the earliest possible opportunity.
- 4.9. The resident, and if applicable any staff member who is the subject of the complaint, must also be given a fair chance to:
  - set out their position
  - comment on any adverse findings before a final decision is made.
- 4.10. Complaint policies and processes should set out the circumstances in which a landlord can exercise discretion in how to respond to a complaint and who has the power to exercise that discretion. Landlords should exercise discretion appropriately and provide clear explanations to residents when doing so.
- 4.11. Landlords should not unreasonably refuse to escalate a complaint through all stages of the complaints procedure and must have clear and valid reasons for taking that course of action.

- 4.12. When a resident seeks to escalate a complaint the landlord should consider:
  - what the escalation review will be about i.e. why the resident remains dissatisfied, and whether any part of the complaint been resolved
  - who will undertake the review
  - who needs to be kept informed
  - what evidence needs to be gathered i.e. comments from those involved, relevant policies and contemporaneous records, inspections etc
  - how long the review will take and when it will be completed.
- 4.13. Where a landlord decides not to escalate a complaint it should provide an explanation to the resident. It should make clear that its previous response was its final response to the complaint and provide information on referral to the Housing Ombudsman.
- 4.14. Landlords should have policies and procedures in place for managing unacceptable behaviour from residents and/or their representatives when pursuing a complaint.
- 4.15. Any restrictions placed on a resident's contact due to unacceptable behaviour should be appropriate to their needs and should demonstrate regard for the provisions of the Equality Act 2010.

## 5. Putting things right

- 5.1. Effective dispute resolution requires a process designed to resolve complaints. Where something has gone wrong a landlord should acknowledge this and set out the actions it has already taken, or intends to take, to put things right. Examples of where action to put things right may be required are:
  - there was an unreasonable delay
  - inaccurate or inadequate advice, explanation or information was provided to the resident
  - the landlord's policy or procedure was not followed correctly without good reason
  - there was a factual or legal error that impacted on the outcome for the resident
  - there was unprofessional behaviour by staff.
- 5.2. Landlords should acknowledge and apologise for any failure identified, give an explanation and, where possible, inform the resident of the changes made or actions taken to prevent the issue from happening again.
- 5.3. Landlords should recognise that putting things right is the first step to repairing and rebuilding the landlord and resident relationship.

5.4. When considering what action will put things right landlords should carefully manage the expectations of residents. Landlords should not promise anything that cannot be delivered or would cause unfairness to other residents.

## Appropriate remedy

- 5.5. Complaints can be resolved in a number of ways. A landlord's policy shall require that any remedy offered reflects the extent of any and all service failures, and the level of detriment caused to the resident as a result. These shall include:
  - acknowledging where things have gone wrong
  - providing an explanation, assistance or reasons
  - apologising
  - taking action if there has been a delay
  - reconsidering or changing a decision
  - amending a record
  - providing a financial remedy
  - changing policies, procedures or practices.
- 5.6. Any remedy offered must reflect the extent of any service failures and the level of detriment caused to the resident as a result.
- 5.7. Factors to consider in formulating a remedy can include, but are not limited to the:
  - length of time that a situation has been ongoing
  - frequency with which something has occurred
  - severity of any service failure or omission
  - number of different failures
  - cumulative impact on the resident
  - a resident's particular circumstances or vulnerabilities.
- 5.8. When offering a remedy, landlords should clearly set out what will happen and by when, in agreement with the resident where appropriate. Any remedy proposed must be followed through to completion.
- 5.9. In awarding compensation, landlords shall consider whether any statutory payments are due, if any quantifiable losses have been incurred as well as the time and trouble a resident has been put to as well as any distress and inconvenience caused.

## Concerns about legal liability

5.10. In some cases a resident may have a legal entitlement to redress. There may be concerns about legal liability in this situation. If so, the landlord should still offer a resolution where possible, as that may remove the need for the resident to pursue legal remedies.

5.11. Landlords have a duty to rectify problems for which they are responsible. However, where necessary a resolution can be offered with an explicit statement that there is no admission of liability. In such a case, legal advice as to how any offer of resolution should be worded should be obtained.

For further information on remedies please see <u>https://www.housing-</u> <u>ombudsman.org.uk/about-us/corporate-information/policies/dispute-resolution/policy-</u> <u>on-remedies/</u>

## 6. Continuous learning and improvement

- 6.1. A positive complaint handling culture is integral to the effectiveness with which landlords resolve disputes, the quality of the service provided, the ability to learn and improve, and the relationship with their residents.
- 6.2. Accountability and transparency should be embedded in a positive complaint handling culture, with landlords providing feedback to residents on failures in complaint handling and the actions taken to learn and improve from this.
- 6.3. Creating and embedding a culture that values complaints and gives them the appropriate level of priority requires strong leadership and management.
- 6.4. A good culture should also recognise the importance of resident involvement, through the formation of resident panels, consulting with residents on the formulation of complaints policies and procedures and through including them in panel hearings as part of the dispute resolution process, where appropriate.
- 6.5. Landlords should look beyond the circumstances of the individual complaint and consider whether anything needs to be 'put right' in terms of process or systems to the benefit of all residents.
- 6.6. An effective complaints process enables a landlord to learn from the issues that arise for residents and to take steps to improve the services it provides and its internal processes. Landlords should have a system in place to look at the complaints received, their outcome and proposed changes as part of its reporting and planning process.
- 6.7. Any themes or trends should be assessed by senior management to identify any systemic issues, serious risks or areas for improvement for appropriate action.
- 6.8. Landlords should proactively use learning from complaints to revise policies and procedures, to train staff and contractors and to improve communication and record-keeping.

- 6.9. Landlord's should recognise the impact that being complained about can have on future service delivery. Landlords should ensure that staff are supported and engaged in the complaints process including the learning that can be gained.
- 6.10. Landlords shall report back on wider learning and improvements from complaints to their residents, managers and staff. Feedback shall be regularly provided to relevant scrutiny panels, committees and boards and be discussed, alongside scrutiny of the Ombudsman's annual landlord performance report.
- 6.11. Learning and improvement from complaints should be included in the landlord's Annual Report.

## Part C

## 1. Compliance

- 1.1. Under the Housing Ombudsman Scheme a member landlord must:
  - agree to be bound by the terms of the Scheme
  - establish and maintain a complaints procedure in accordance with any good practice recommended by the Ombudsman
  - as part of that procedure, inform residents of their right to bring complaints to the Ombudsman under the Scheme
  - publish its complaints procedure and make information about this easily accessible to those entitled to complain on its website and in correspondence with residents
  - manage complaints from residents in accordance with its published procedure or, where this is not possible, within a reasonable timescale.
  - respond promptly to information requests made by the Housing Ombudsman Service as part of the ongoing investigation into complaints from residents.
- 1.2. Failure to comply with the conditions of membership may result in an Ombudsman's determination of complaint handling failure and an order to rectify within a given timescale (paragraphs 13 and 73 of the Housing Ombudsman Scheme).
- 1.3. Failures under the Scheme and Code which would result in a complaint handling failure order include, but are not limited to:
  - non-compliance with the Complaint Handling Code

- failure to accept a formal complaint in a timely manner or to exclude a complaint from the complaints process without good reason
- inaccessible complaints process and procedure or unreasonable restrictions as to how a complaint can be made
- not managing complaints from residents in accordance with the complaints policy
- failure to progress a complaint through the complaints procedure
- failure to respond to a complaint within the set timescales without good reason
- failure to keep the resident informed and updated
- failure to notify the resident of the right to refer the complaint to the Ombudsman
- failure to provide evidence to support investigation by the Ombudsman.
- 1.4. Where a complaint is still within a landlord's complaints procedure or the Ombudsman has requested evidence for investigation the landlord will be informed of any complaint handling failure. Details of the failure will be provided along with any action required to rectify it. Where no action is taken the Ombudsman will issue a complaint handling failure order.
- 1.5. Each quarter the Ombudsman will publish the total number of complaint handling failure orders issued, the names of the landlords and reasons for the orders and will share this information with the Regulator of Social Housing. The number of complaint handling failure orders issued against a landlord will form part of the Ombudsman's annual landlord performance reports and will be available on the Ombudsman's website.
- 1.6. In addition, from time to time the Ombudsman may wish to publish a report detailing the specifics of a complaint handling failure case where this would help highlight the impact of the failure on the resolution of the dispute and delays and/or distress caused to residents.
- 1.7. When carrying out an investigation the Ombudsman will consider whether the landlord dealt with the complaint fairly and will assess this against the requirements of the Code. Any failure identified could result in a finding of service failure or maladministration.
- 1.8. The Ombudsman will specifically refer to the Code in its findings. Orders and recommendations will be made to put matters right and ensure compliance with the Code.
- 1.9. The Ombudsman may request evidence of a landlord's self-assessment in order to confirm satisfactory compliance with the Code. Where there have been failures to comply with the Code or in operating an effective complaints procedure, the Ombudsman may issue a complaint handling failure order and ask the landlord to complete the self-assessment as part of the rectification action and to report back to the Ombudsman on its outcome.

1.10. Where there are significant concerns regarding a landlord's compliance with the Code the Ombudsman may escalate these to the landlord's board or equivalent, and may refer the matter to the appropriate regulatory body including the Regulator of Social Housing.

## 2. Self-assessment

- 2.1 The Ombudsman expects landlords to carry out regular self-assessment against the Code and take appropriate action to ensure their complaint handling is in line with the Code. This assessment should be completed by 31 December 2020.
- 2.2. The Ombudsman expects landlords to report the outcome of their selfassessment to their board members. In the case of local authorities, selfassessment outcomes should be reported to elected members.
- 2.3. The Ombudsman expects landlords to publish the outcome of their assessments. The Ombudsman may request sight of the assessment and evidence in support. The Ombudsman may require landlords to periodically repeat the self-assessment, for example following any amendments to the Code or significant change to the landlord organisational structure.

## Self-assessment form

	Compliance with the Complaint Handling Code						
1	Definition of a complaint	Yes	No				
	Does the complaints process use the following definition of a complaint?						
	An expression of dissatisfaction, however made, about the standard of service, actions or lack of action by the organisation, its own staff, or those acting on its behalf, affecting an individual resident or group of residents.						
	Does the policy have exclusions where a complaint will not be considered?						
	Are these exclusions reasonable and fair to residents?						
	Evidence relied upon						
2	Accessibility						
	Are multiple accessibility routes available for residents to make a complaint?						
	Is the complaints policy and procedure available online?						
	Do we have a reasonable adjustments policy?						
	Do we regularly advise residents about our complaints process?						
3	Complaints team and process						
	Is there a complaint officer or equivalent in post?						
	Does the complaint officer have autonomy to resolve complaints? Does the complaint officer have authority to compel engagement from other departments to resolve disputes?						
	If there is a third stage to the complaints procedure are residents involved in the decision making?						
	Is any third stage optional for residents?						
	Does the final stage response set out residents' right to refer the matter to the Housing Ombudsman Service?						
	Do we keep a record of complaint correspondence including		+				
	correspondence from the resident?						
	At what stage are most complaints resolved?						
4	Communication						
	Are residents kept informed and updated during the complaints process?						

	Are residents informed of the landlord's position and given a	
	chance to respond and challenge any area of dispute before the	
	final decision?	
	Are all complaints acknowledged and logged within five days?	
	Are residents advised of how to escalate at the end of each	
	stage?	
	What proportion of complaints are resolved at stage one?	
	What proportion of complaints are resolved at stage two?	 
	What proportion of complaint responses are sent within Code	
	timescales?	
	Stage one	
	Stage one (with extension)	
	Stage two	
	Stage two (with extension)	
	Where timescales have been extended did we have good	
	reason?	
	Where timescales have been extended did we keep the resident	
	informed?	
	What proportion of complaints do we resolve to residents'	
	satisfaction	
5	Cooperation with Housing Ombudsman Service	
5	Were all requests for evidence responded to within 15 days?	
	Where the timescale was extended did we keep the Ombudsman	
•	informed?	
6	Fairness in complaint handling	
	Are residents able to complain via a representative throughout?	
	If advice was given, was this accurate and easy to understand?	
	How many cases did we refuse to escalate?	
	What was the reason for the refusal?	
	Did we explain our decision to the resident?	
7	Outcomes and remedies	
-	Where something has gone wrong are we taking appropriate	
	steps to put things right?	
8		
0	Continuous learning and improvement	
	What improvements have we made as a result of learning from	
	complaints?	
1	How do we share these lessons with:	
	a) residente?	
	a) residents?	

<ul><li>b) the board/governing body?</li><li>c) In the Annual Report?</li></ul>	
Has the Code made a difference to how we respond to complaints?	
What changes have we made?	

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# Housing Ombudsman Complaint Handling Code:

## Self-assessment form

	Compliance with the Complaint Handling Code					
1	Definition of a complaint Does the complaints process use the following definition of a complaint?	Yes Yes	No			
	An expression of dissatisfaction, however made, about the standard of service, actions or lack of action by the organisation, its own staff, or those acting on its behalf, affecting an individual resident or group of residents.					
	Does the policy have exclusions where a complaint will not be considered?	Yes				
	Are these exclusions reasonable and fair to residents?	Yes				
	Evidence relied upon: Our complaints policy has procedures to deal with persistent and unreasonable complaints. These are dealt with on a case by case basis					
2	Accessibility					
	Are multiple accessibility routes available for residents to make a complaint?	Yes				
	Is the complaints policy and procedure available online?	Yes				
	Do we have a reasonable adjustments policy?	Our complaints policy details the alternative formats available and how to request these				
	Do we regularly advise residents about our complaints process?	Yes				
3	Complaints team and process					
	Is there a complaint officer or equivalent in post?	Yes				
	Does the complaint officer have autonomy to resolve complaints?	Yes				
	Does the complaint officer have authority to compel engagement from other departments to resolve disputes?	Yes				
	If there is a third stage to the complaints procedure are residents involved in the decision making?		No - not currently			

	Is any third stage optional for residents?	Yes		
	Does the final stage response set out residents' right to refer the matter to the Housing Ombudsman Service?	Yes		
	Do we keep a record of complaint correspondence including correspondence from the resident?	Yes		
	At what stage are most complaints resolved?	Stage 1		
4	Communication			
	Are residents kept informed and updated during the complaints process?	Yes		
	Are residents informed of the landlord's position and given a chance to respond and challenge any area of dispute before the final decision?	a review of a under level procedure, v level 3 decis	a able to ask for a decision made 1 and 2 of the with the final sion taken by the lead on behalf of kecutive	
	Are all complaints acknowledged and logged within five days?	Yes		
	Are residents advised of how to escalate at the end of each stage?	Yes		
	What proportion of complaints are resolved at stage one?	olved at stage The Majority of are resolved a		
	What proportion of complaints are resolved at stage two?	stage 2 or 3 with a very s being referre Housing On	ints escalated to are resolved small number ed to the nbudsman (in s amounted to 1	
	What proportion of complaint responses are sent within Code timescales?			
	<ul> <li>Stage one Stage one (with extension)</li> <li>Stage two Stage two (with extension)</li> </ul>	extension, a	rity required all responded to sion deadline) ajority	
	Where timescales have been extended did we have good reason?	Yes		
	Where timescales have been extended did we keep the resident informed?	Yes		
	What proportion of complaints do we resolve to residents' satisfaction	referred to t	h only one being he Housing n in 2019/20	

5	Cooperation with Housing Ombudsman Service			
•	Were all requests for evidence responded to within	Yes		
	15 days?			
	Where the timescale was extended did we keep the	Yes		
	Ombudsman informed?			
6	Fairness in complaint handling			
	Are residents able to complain via a representative throughout?	Yes		
	If advice was given, was this accurate and easy to understand?	Yes		
	How many cases did we refuse to escalate?	0		
	What was the reason for the refusal?			
	Did we explain our decision to the resident?	N/A		
7	Outcomes and remedies			
	Where something has gone wrong are we taking appropriate steps to put things right?	Yes		
8	Continuous learning and improvement			
	What improvements have we made as a result of learning from complaints?		ements identified ts officer are	
	How do we share these lessons with:			
	a) residents?	Plans to sha annual repo	are through rt to residents	
	b) the board/governing body?	Shared with Overview &	Corporate Scrutiny Panel	
	c) In the Annual Report?	Plans to share through annual report being developed		
	Has the Code made a difference to how we respond to complaints?	Yes		
	What changes have we made?		he role of the n throughout	

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					ŀ	lousi	ng - Portfolio	Perforn	nance Da	shboard								
			Releva	nt Service Ar	ea(s)									Portfolio Holder				
Estates Man	agement and Su	pport, Housing Mai	ntenance, Housing	Options, Complia	nce and Asset Man	agement, H	t, Housing Strategy and Development					Cllr Jill Cleary						
Key Priorities			Key Activi	ties								Key Actions						
Portfolio Priorities 2020 - 24			Key Activity 2020 - 24					Key Actions	s 2020/21		Target Date			Status Update				
Meeting local housing needs and promoting sustainable growth.	1	mplement greener I of new council dwel	-	vhen maintaining	council stock and i		Implement a new strateg	y to tackle empty	properties by the	end of 2021.	31/12/2020	1/12/2020 Mar-21 - The Empty Homes Strategy is currently being drafted and will be complete l				by the end of 2021.		
	Implement a n	ew strategy to tack	le empty properties	and bring them	back in to use.													
Increasing the supply of high quality affordable homes.	1	w council homes by ling within New Fore		rent, affordable	rent and shared ow	vnership	Provide 600 new council l	nomes by 2026.			2026	Mar-21 - This year to date an add target by 2026.	itional 36 homes have b	been completed bringing t	he total for new homes	delivered to 183 ag	gainst the 600	
	Minimise the u	ise of emergency Be	ed & Breakfast acco	mmodation for h	omeless household	ds.	Deliver at least 40 units o	f council owned e	emergency accomr	nodation by 2021/22.	2021/22	Mar-21 - 13 units have so far been	n completed with a furt	ther 31 due to complete in	2021.			
Improving the housing circumstances of those most in need.		and enhance a mu on solutions to end r			hway to achieve lor		Design, deliver and enhar through twice yearly mult				31/12/2021	Mar-21 - The Forum was in place partners continue and relationshi					ings with:	
		essness through the through the increas					Prevent the homelessnes homelessness.	s of at least 60% (	of clients deemed 1	o be threatened with	31/03/2020	Mar-21 - 50% at the end of Janau since disengaged and have been r						
							Monitor and review the d consideration by the Hou			for annual	12/11/2020	Mar-21 - Statistics provided at No Meeting. Regular updates will cor			eeting. An annual updat	e was provided at t	he January	
Enabling the best use of housing to meet the needs of local people, including		alth and safety of te	nants in private rer	nted properties.			Improve standards by set	ting up a Landlor	d's forum to meet	six monthly by 2020.	31/12/2020	Mar-21 - Work to set up the Foru the event during 21/22.	m was put on hold due	to the Covid-19 pandemic	. Planning work has rec	ommenced with a v	view to holding	
support for a strong high quality private rented sector.								ish Group to deve /21.	lop and deliver the	e new Private Sector	2020/21	Mar-21 - The Strategy was put to	Full Council and approv	ved on 4th December 2020	)			
	К	ey Performanc	e Indicators									General Fund F	inancial Informati	ion - £'000				
KPIs	Unit	Freq.	Desired DOT	Target	Last Period	Actu	al Actual DOT	Status	No changes h			xt scheduled changes will be inc			in Apr-21. cember Financial			
Number of additional council homes delivered.	Num	Monthly	ŕ	600*	183	183	3 <del>)</del>		General Fund F	Budget Descrip	tion	Original Budget	Adjust		Monitoring -235	Revised		
Increase in prevention Duty cases successfully prevented.	%	Monthly	ŕ	60%	62%	50%	6 1		Variation Perce				24.1		-12.72%	11.4		
Net increase in the number of private sector lease properties.	%	Monthly	Ť	140	138	138	3 <del>)</del>		Supporting Na	r <b>rative</b> - Forecast Additional E	menditure Pressur	es (f536k + f140k)						
Reduction in private sector property inspections resulting in Category 1 hazards.	%	Monthly	Ļ	Monitor	10	34	Ť		Homlessness -	Accomodation Support	Funding (-£438k)	arrying out suitable consultation or	n the plans) (-£67k)					
Increase in rough sleepers entering accommodation pathway.	Num	Monthly	↑ (	Monitor	31	54	î		General Fund H	lousing Capital Progra	mme	1,200		D	-580	62	20	
Reduction in the number of Households in external emergency B&B accommodation at year end.	Num	Monthly	Ļ	30	43	51	Î		Variation Perce	entage			0	%	-48.33%	-48.3	33%	
									Supporting Na Disabled Facilit	r <b>rative</b> ies Grant (-£580k)								
			High	Risks								Hous	ing Revenue Acco	ount Financial Inforn	nation - £'000			
High Risk Area		Risk			I	Mitigation	actions			New Risk		Budget Description		Original Budge	t Revis	ed Budget		
Increase in Homelessness. Prevention focussed service, Landlord Liaison Role and Forum			id Forum, P	Partnerships, Housing Sup	port Team.			Housing Rev	enue Revenue Position - Income		28,200	2	8,200	-				
Loss of annual Government funding including, Homeless, Rough Sleeper Initiati Discretionary Housing Payments.	ive and			in Bed & Breakfast expenditure and funding to access the private rented sector. Proposed restructure to . Ongoing lobbying of Government.							Summary Na	Revenue Revenue Position - Expenditure     19,727     19,727       y Narrative     19,727     19,727						
Loss of Housing Revenue Account (HRA) income through increase in rent arrea void rent loss.	rs and						ring and early intervention al contractors procured to				Net income is used to help finance the Capital Programme. No variations have currently been required.         Housing Revenue Account Capital Programme       15,800							
Compliance with property safety inspections (Gas,Electric, Legionella etc).			Inspection routine Access escalation		tored and audited.	10 month (	cylces for annual inspection	tions to build in additonal time.					-					
Changes in the Housing Market, valuations and legislation affecting housing de programmes.	velopmet		Maintain close lia properties and Sh			roviders an	d Homes England. Flexibl	e approach to rer	nt designation of		Summary Na Disabled Fac	arrative ilities Grant (-£300k) Replacement	Schemes (-£200k).					

Agenda Item 8

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## HOUSING OVERVIEW & SCRUTINY PANEL WORK PROGRAMME 2021/2022

ITEM	OBJECTIVE	METHOD	LEAD OFFICER
	16 June 2021		·
Housing Strategy / HRA Property development and acquisition update	To receive an update on the progress of the Housing Strategy and HRA property development and acquisition	Update to Panel	Tim Davis
Homelessness Update	To receive an update on homelessness	Update to Panel	Richard Knott
Annual performance and provisional budget outturn	To consider the annual performance of services under the review of this Panel and the provisional budget outturn figures	Report to Panel	Rebecca Drummond
Empty Homes Strategy	To consider the proposed draft Empty Homes Strategy	Report to Panel	Richard Knott
	15 September 2021		
Telecare Infrastructure Update	To receive an update on the progress of this project	Update to Panel	Brian Byrne / Richard Fudge
Procurement (Supply Chain & Logistics Update)	To receive an update on the 'Master Vendor' model and mobilisation to supply goods and materials to support housing maintenance repairs	Report to Panel	Ritchie Thomson / Grainne O'Rourke
Private Sector Housing Strategy Update	To receive an update on the progress of the priorities identified within the Private Sector Housing Strategy	Update to Panel	Richard Knott / Grainne O'Rourke
Housing Strategy / HRA Property development and acquisition update	To receive an update on the progress of the Housing Strategy and HRA property development and acquisition	Update to Panel	Tim Davis
Homelessness Update	To receive an update on homelessness	Update to Panel	Richard Knott

ITEM	OBJECTIVE	METHOD	LEAD OFFICER

19 January 2022							
Housing Revenue Account Budget and the Housing Public Sector Capital Expenditure Programme for 2022/23	To consider the HRA budget and the housing public sector capital expenditure programme for 2022/23.	Report to Panel	Kevin Green				
Housing Strategy / HRA Property development and acquisition update	To receive an update on the progress of the Housing Strategy and HRA property development and acquisition	Update to Panel	Tim Davis				
Homelessness Update	To receive an update on homelessness	Update to Panel	Richard Knott				
	16 March 2022						
Housing Strategy / HRA Property development and acquisition update	To receive an update on the progress of the Housing Strategy and HRA property development and acquisition	Update to Panel	Tim Davis				
Homelessness Update	To receive an update on homelessness	Update to Panel	Richard Knott				